Print this template and write your solution in the spaces indicated. This is the paper you'll scan and upload for the first problem.

A student is holding a spring scale in an elevator that is accelerating at $0.60 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$. A book of mass 1.2 kg is suspended from the scale. The elevator is descending and coming to a stop at a floor. What is the scale reading?
Strategy: You'll need to decide what force the problem is asking you to find. The Spring Scale series of videos cover this situation as well as the method of solution.

| Don't write in this column. | Show your work in this column. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Step 1. Draw a picture of the situation. <br> Show the directions of the acceleration and <br> velocity. Label these vectors $\boldsymbol{a}$ and $\boldsymbol{v}$. |  |
| Remember that if an object is speeding up, <br> velocity and acceleration are in the same <br> direction, but when an object is slowing down, <br> velocity and acceleration are in opposite <br> directions. |  |
| Step 2. Indicate the direction for $+\boldsymbol{y}$. <br> Select this to be in the same direction as the <br> acceleration. |  |
| Step 3. List the givens and the goal. Use <br> standard symbols. You'll need to include a <br> value that is not stated above but which you will <br> have to use to complete the solution. (Hint: This <br> value is a property of the Earth.) | Givens: |
| Step 4. Draw a force diagram <br> Represent the object with a point, draw the <br> force diagram, and label it in the usual way. <br> Draw the force vectors with approximately <br> correct relative lengths. In this case, they will <br> not be the same length. | Force diagram for |


| Step 5. Write the net force equations |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Write the net force equation in the form $F_{\text {net }}=$ |  |
| Sum of Forces, where you replace Sum of |  |
| Forces with the algebraic sum of the force |  |
| magnitudes. (Use force symbols only at this |  |
| point.) Algebraic sum means that you need to |  |
| precede the force magnitude with either a plus |  |
| or minus sign depending on the direction of the |  |
| force. |  |

